Joint Assimilation of Ozone and CO Geostationary Observations to Improve Constraints on Ozone Air Quality



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Usefulness of CO Observations

O₃:CO correlations are well known

UV

DOFS:

>800:

>900:

0.6

>200 hPa: 1.54

0.27

0.07

0.8

1.0 0.0

0.2

200

500

800

0.0

0.2

0.4

Pressure (hPa)

- GEO-CAPE boundary layer sensitivity may be greater for CO than for ozone
 - Model errors correlated => CO observations could add information for ozone air quality



Error Correlation Methodology

- Data assimilation depends on constraining model error
 - CO observations can be used to constrain model transport error

 $S = \begin{pmatrix} S_{O_3} & E(\varepsilon_{O_3} \varepsilon_{CO}^T) \\ E(\varepsilon_{CO} \varepsilon_{O_2}^T) & S_{CO} \end{pmatrix}$

 Previous work by Wang et al. (2009) demonstrated the use of CO:CO₂ error correlations to improve CO₂ flux estimates



Observing System Simulation Experiment

- To what degree can geostationary measurements in different spectral regions/combinations resolve ozone near the surface?
- What information can we gain about ozone from CO measurements from error correlations?



Air Quality Information from GEO-CAPE

Error in Surface MDA8 Ozone averaged for July 2001

a priori RMSE: 8.0 ppbv



LEO UV+Vis+TIR RMSE: 6.5 ppbv

Geo UV+Vis+TIR RMSE: 3.7 ppbv



Need to combine observations in multiple spectral regions at high temporal resolution to constrain ozone air quality

[Zoogman et al,



GEOS-Chem Error Correlation

- To quantify model error correlation we compared compared Nested NA GEOS-Chem to INTEX-NA below 2 km
 - July 1 August 15, 2004
 - Below 2 km





Future Work

- Quantify added information from joint assimilation for different spectral combinations
- Account for variability in retrievals based on atmospheric conditions
- Incorporate other related species (NO_x, formaldehyde)
- Apply full assimilation framework to current observations to test realism of OSSEs



